

- ▶ 767 boeing road ▶ oak ridge, tn 37830 usa
- www.babcock.com

2008 MAY 12 PM 3: 59

May 7, 2008

Mr. John Trimmer State of Tennessee Division of Air Pollution Control 9th Floor, L & C Annex 401 Church Street Nashville, TN 37243-1531

01-0236

Re: Submittal of Forms APC-20, -21, and -22 for Proposed Metal Turning

Dear Mr. Trimmer:

Babcock & Wilcox Technical Services Clinch River, LLC, (B&W CR), 767 Boeing Road, Oak Ridge, TN, intends to initiate metal turning operations in June 2008. We understand these operations to be specifically exempt from air permitting under Tennessee Rule 1200-3-9-.04(d)18. In order to receive an official determination from the Tennessee Division of Air Pollution Control (APC), we are submitting APC forms and an application fee as recommended by Mr. Travis Blake during a telephone conversation on April 17, 2008.

Planned operations will involve 26 metal turning machines that use cutting fluid consisting of 92% water and 8% non-hazardous coolant (either Hocut® 795-B or Trim® VHP®) that will be recirculated within a closed system. Each machine will be fitted with a mist eliminator to help control emissions.

Attachments 1, 2, and 3 provide APC forms 20, 21, and 22, respectively. Data sheets for the two proposed coolants are in Attachment 4. Attachment 5 provides engineering calculations for estimating oil emissions from the metal turning operations when using the ChipBlaster® MistBlaster® mist eliminator.

If you have any questions during your review, please contact the undersigned at (865) 241-7317.

Sincerely,

Michael G. Knight

Manager, ES&H and Performance Assurance

Attachments

Attachment 1 APC-20 for Metal Turning NOT TO BE USED FOR TITLE V APPLICATIONS



9th Floor, L & C Annex 401 Church Street Nashville, TN 37243-1531 Telephone: (615) 532-0554 FAX: (615) 532-0614

2008 MAY 12 PM 3: 59

APC 20

## PERMIT APPLICATION

					711 0 20			
		T IN DUPLICATE FO	R EACH EMISS	ION SO	URCE. ATTACH APPROPRIATE SOURCE			
DESCRIPTION FORMS.  1. ORGANIZATION'S LEGAL NAME  /// APC COMPANYPOINT NQ.								
Babcock & Wilcox Tech		ver LLC		FOR	01-0236-02			
2. MAILING ADDR	RESS (ST/RD/P.O. BOX	()		111	APC LOG/PERMIT NQ.			
767 Boeing Road				APC	61977			
CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE		PHONE WITH AREA CODE			
Oak Ridge		TN	37830		865-241-7317			
3. PRINCIPAL TEC Gary Pitcher	CHNICAL CONTACT				PHONE WITH AREA CODE 865-241-7010			
4. SITE ADDRESS ( 767 Boeing Road	ST/RD/HWY)				COUNTY NAME Anderson			
CITY OR DISTAN	CE TO NEAREST TO	WN	ZIP CODE		PHONE WITH AREA CODE			
Oak Ridge			37830		865-241-7317			
5. EMISSION SOUI IDENTIFIES THIS	RCE NO. (NUMBER W S SOURCE)	HICH UNIQUELY	PERMIT RENEV YES ( )	VAL NO (X)				
6. BRIEF DESCRIP	TION OF EMISSION	SOURCE						
Operation of horizo	ntal lathes and ver	tical milling machin	es for precision	machii	ning of metal (primarily aluminum). Machines			
during metal turnin					collect cutting fluid from the vapors emitted			
during metar turnin	g and separate it it	or reuse as coolant w	itnin an essent	ially clo	sed system.			
7. TYPE OF PERM	T DEOUESTED							
CONSTRUCTION		COMPLETION	LAST PERMIT	NUMBER	R EMISSION SOURCE REFERENCE NUMBER			
		DATE	EAST LEGIT	NONDE	EMISSION SOURCE REI ERENCE NOMBER			
(X) OPERATING	01/02/2008r DATE CONSTRU-	07/31/2008	LACT DEDIVIT	VIII IDEI	EMISSION SOURCE DEFENDENCE AND ADDRESS			
OPERATING	CTION STARTED	DATE COMPLETED	LAST PERMIT	NUMBER	R EMISSION SOURCE REFERENCE NUMBER			
( )								
LOCATION TRANSFER	TRANSFER DATE		LAST PERMIT	NUMBER	R EMISSION SOURCE REFERENCE NUMBER			
( )								
ADDRESS OF LAS	ST LOCATION							
	NGES THAT HAVE BI RMIT APPLICATION		EQUIPMENT OR	OPERAT	TION SINCE THE LAST CONSTRUCTION OR			
All equipment is to be installed new—never operated.								
9. SIGNATURE (API	PLICATION MUST BE	DATE						
40	challes Kin	5-7-08						
10. SIGNER'S NAME	(TYPE OR PRINT)	TITLE			PHONE WITH AREA CODE			
Michael G. Knight		(865) 241-7317						
		Assurance	ce					

## TABLE OF POLLUTION REDUCTION DEVICE OR METHOD CODES (ALPHABETICAL LISTING)

NOTE: FOR CYCLONES, SETTLING CHAMBERS, WET SCRUBBERS, AND ELECTROSTATIC PRECIPITATORS. THE EFFICIENCY RANGES CORRESPOND TO THE FOLLOWING PERCENTAGES:

HIGH: 95-99+%. MEDIUM: 80-95%. AND LOW: LESS THAN 80%.

IF THE SYSTEM HAS SEVERAL PIECES OF CONNECTED CONTROL EQUIPMENT, INDICATE THE SEQUENCE, FOR EXAMPLIE: 008'010.97%.

IF NONE OF THE BELOW CODES FIT, USE 999 AS A CODE FOR OTHER AND SPECIFY IN THE COMMENTS.

NO EQUIPMENT000
ACTIVATED CARBON ADSORPTION048
AFTERBURNER-DIRECT FLAME021
AFTERBURNERDIRECT FLAME WITH HEAT EXCHANGER022
AFTERBURNERCATALYTIC019
AFTERBURNERCATALYTIC WITH HEAT EXCHANGER020
ALKALIZED ALUMINA040
CATALYTIC OXIDATION-FLUE GAS DESULFURIZATION039
CYCLONEHIGH EFFICIENCY007
CYCLONE-MEDIUM EFFICIENCY008
CYCLONE-LOW EFFICIENCY
DUST SUPPRESSION BY CHEMICAL STABILIZERS
OR WETTING AGENTS062
ELECTROSTATIC PRECIPITATOR-HIGH EFFICIENCY010
ELECTROSTATIC PRECIPITATOR-MEDIUM EFFICIENCY011
ELECTROSTATIC PRECIPITATOR-LOW EFFICIENCY012
FABRIC FILTER-HIGH TEMPERATURE016
FABRIC FILTER-MEDIUM TEMPERATURE017
FABRIC FILTER-LOW TEMPERATURE018
FABRIC FILTER-METAL SCREENS (COTTON GINS)059
FLARING023
GAS ADSORPTION COLUMNPACKED050
GAS ADSORPTION COLUMN-TRAY TYPE051
GAS SCRUBBER (GENERAL: NOT CLASSIFIED)013

LIMESTONE INJECTIONDRY	
LIMESTONE INJECTIONWET	04:
LIQUID FILTRATION SYSTEM	04
MIST ELIMINATOR-HIGH VELOCITY	014
MIST ELIMINATOR-LOW VELOCITY	01
PROCESS CHANGE	04
PROCESS ENCLOSED	054
PROCESS GAS RECOVERY	060
SETTLING CHAMBERHIGH EFFICIENCY	004
SETTLING CHAMBER-MEDIUM EFFICIENCY	00:
SETTLING CHAMBER-LOW EFFICIENCY	000
SPRAY TOWER (GASEOUS CONTROL ONLY)	
SULFURIC ACID PLANT-CONTACT PROCESS	04:
SULFURIC ACID PLANT-DOUBLE CONTACT PROCESS	04
SULFUR PLANT	04
VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (INCLUDING CONDENSERS,	
HOODING AND OTHER ENCLOSURES)	04
VENTURI SCRUBBER (GASEOUS CONTROL ONLY)	
WET SCRUBBER-HIGH EFFICIENCY	00
WET SCRUBBERMEDIUM EFFICIENCY	002
WET SCRUBBER-LOW EFFICIENCY	00:
WET SUPPRESSION BY WATER SPRAYS	06

#### TABLE OF EMISSION ESTIMATION METHOD CODES

NOT APPLICABLE EMISSIONS ARE KNOWN TO BE ZERO	0
EMISSIONS BASED ON SOURCE TESTING	1
EMISSIONS BASED ON MATERIAL BALANCE USING ENGINEERING EXPERTISE AND KNOWLEDGE OF PROCESS	2
EMISSIONS CALCULATED USING EMISSION FACTORS FROM EPA PUBLICATION NO. AP-42 COMPILATION OF	
AIR POLLUTANT EMISSIONS FACTORS	3
JUDGEMENT	4
EMISSIONS CALCULATED USING A SPECIAL EMISSION FACTOR DIFFERING FROM THAT IN AP-42	5
OTHER (SPECIFY IN COMMENTS)	6

Attachment 2 APC-21 for Metal Turning NOT TO BE USED FOR TITLE V APPLICATIONS



9th Floor, L & C Annex 401 Church Street Nashville, TN 37243-1531 Telephone: (615) 532-0554 FAX: (615) 532-0614

# PROCESS OR FUEL BURNING SOURCE DESCRIPTION

APC21(& 24)

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT, SUBMIT	Γ IN DUPLICAT	E AND	ATTACH TO	THE PERMIT A	APPLICA	TIC	DN.	
ORGANIZATION NAME     Babcock & Wilcox Technical Services Clin				/ / / FOR	A	PC COMPANY-POINT NO.		
2. EMISSION SOURCE NO. ( AS ON	ICATIO	N)	SIC CODE	111	A	PC PERMIT/LOG NO.		
3			,		APC			
3. DESCRIPTION OF PROCES 4.	SS OR FUEL BUI	RNINGU	INIT					
Operation of horizontal lathes and							(primarily aluminum). Machines	
will use nonhazardous cutting flu							fluid from the vapors emitted	
during metal turning and separate								
4. NORMAL OPERATION: Please see Item 13.	HOURS/DAY 8	DAYS/	WEEK	WEEKS/YE	EAR	D.	AYS/YEAR	
riease see item 13.	O	3		30				
5. PERCENT ANNUAL	DECFEB.		H-MAY	JUNE-AUG			EPTNOV.	
THROUGHPUT: →	25%	25%		25%		25	%	
6. TYPE OF PERMIT APPLICATION						((	CHECK BELOW ONE ONLY )	
PROCESS SOURCE: APPLY FOR A RIGHT, AND COM				E. ( CHECK AT			( X )	
PROCESS SOURCE WITH IN-PR	OCESS FUEL: P	RODUC	TS OF COMBUS			112-	/ 1	
MATERIALS HEAT ( CHECK AT RIGH					KCE.		( )	
NON-PROCESS FUEL BURNING							( )	
MATERIALS HEAT BURNER AND CO							( )	
FOR EACH STACK								
7. TYPE OF OPERATION: CONTIN	UOUS,	BA	TCH	NORMAL E	BATCH	NORMAL BATCHES/DAY		
(X)			( )					
8. PROCESS MATERIAL INPUTS AN IN-PROCESS SOLID FUELS		RAM* RENCE	DESIGN	ES (POUNDS/HO		1	(FOR APC USE ONLY) SCC CODE	
A.	See Iter		See Item 13.	See Item 13.		/	SCC CODE	
Nonhazardous coolant (e.g., Hocu	t					/		
795B or Trim VHP E320 coolant								
B.	See Iter	m 13.	See Item 13.	See Item 13.		/		
Metal stock (primarily aluminum)								
C.						1		
D						1		
E.						1		
F.						1		
G						/		
						1		
	TOTAL	LS			- 1	1		

<sup>\*</sup> A SIMPLE PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM MUST BE ATTACHED.

BOILER BOILER	STACK	ATA: (COMPLETE LI TYPE OF FIRING**		RATED BC		RATED INPU		
NUMBER			HORSEPO	WER	CAPACITY (10 <sup>6</sup> BTU/HR)	(SPECIFY CAP.	ACITY AND UNITS)	
BOILER S	ERIAL NO.	DATE CONSTRUCT	ΓED	DATE OF I	AST MOI	DIFICATION	(EXPLAIN IN COMM	ENTS BELOW).
*** CYCLO REINJ IN CO	ONE, SPREADE ECTION ), OTH MMENTS ).	MMON STACK WILL R ( WITH OR WITHOU ER STOKER ( SPECIF)	Л REINJECT Y TYPE ), НА	ION ), PULVERI ND FIRED, AUT	ZED ( WE OMATIC,	OR OTHER	TYPE ( DESCRIBE BI	ELOW
0. FUEL DA' lot applicable	TA: ( COMPLE	ΓE FOR A PROCESS SO	OURCE WITH	IN-PROCESS F	UEL OR A	NON-PROC	ESS FUEL BURNING	SOURCE)
PRIMARY	FUEL TYPE (S	PECIFY)			STAND	BY FUEL TY	PE(S)(SPECIFY)	
FUELS US	ED	ANNUAL USAGE	HOUR	LY USAGE	%	%	BTU VALUE	(FOR APC ONLY
			DESIGN	AVERAGE	SULFU	R ASH	OF FUEL	SCC CODE
NATURAL	GAS:	10 <sup>6</sup> CUFT	CUFT	CUFT	111	1 (C) 12 (C)		
#2 FUEL O	IL:	10 <sup>3</sup> GAL	GAL	GAL		111		
#5 FUEL O	IL:	10 <sup>3</sup> GAL	GAL	GAL		111		
#6 FUEL O	IL:	10 <sup>3</sup> GAL	GAL	GAL		/ / /		
COAL:		TONS	LBS	LBS				
WOOD:		TONS	LBS	LBS	111			
LIQUID PR	OPANE:	10 <sup>3</sup> GAL	GAL	GAL	111	THE RESERVE AND THE RESERVE AND THE		
OTHER (.S TYPE & UN								
. IF WOOD	IS USED AS A F	UEL, SPECIFY TYP	ES AND EST	MATE PERCE	NT BY W	 EIGHT OF I	BARK	
. IF WOOD	IS USED WITH	OTHER FUELS, SPE	CIFY PERCI	ENT BY WEIGH	IT OF WO	OOD CHARC	GED TO THE BURNE	ER.
. COMMEN	TS							
		Initially turning op- nere will be a move						lays per week for 50

Item 8: Due to the simplicity, no diagram is provided for these metal turning operations. Each machine will produce precision

parts from a varying amount of metal stock and will use a mixture of 92% water and 8% non-hazardous cutting fluid as a coolant. The coolant will be separated from the mist emanating from the metal turning by a Chip Blaster® MistBlaster® which is expected to remove all visible mist from the machine exhaust.

14. SIGNATURE	1. 1 1 11	DATE
Michael G. Knight	efechal & Knight	5-7-08

Attachment 3 APC-22 for Metal Turning NOT TO BE USED FOR TITLE V APPLICATIONS



9th Floor, L & C Annex 401 Church Street Nashville, TN 37243-1531

Telephone: (615) 532-0554 (615) 532-0614

#### **EMISSION POINT DESCRIPTION**

APC 22

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT ATTACH TO THE PERMI			ATE FOR EACH ST	ACK O	R EMISSION	POINT.		***************************************
1. ORGANIZATION NAMI	E					///	APC COMPA	NY POINT NO.
Babcock & Wilcox Tech	nical Servic	es Clinch Rive	r, LLC			FOR		
2. EMISSION SOURCE NO METAL TURNING	. (FROM APP	LICATION)	FLOW DIAGRAM I	POINT N	NUMBER	/ / / APC	APC SEQUENCE NO.	
3. LOCATION: →	LATITUDE 36 deg 00	min 30 sec N	LONGITUDE 84 deg 14 min 00 W	84 deg 14 min 00 sec			UTM HORIZO	ONTAL
4. BRIEF EMISSION POIN	T DESCRIPT	ION (ATTACH A	SKETCH IF APPROPE	RIATE):			DISTANCET	O NEAREST
Chip Blasters™ mist elimoperations.			<del>.</del>				PROPERTY I	LINE (FT)
COMPLETE LINES 5 AND 6						RCE DESCRIPTIO		
5. NORMAL OPERATION:	HOURS/DA	Y	DAYS/WEEK	WEE	K/YEAR		DAYS/YEAR	
6. PERCENT ANNUAL THROUGHPUT: →	DECFEB.		MARCH-MAY	JUNE	-AUG.		SEPTNOV.	
7. STACK OR EMISSION POINT DATA:			DIAMETER (FT)	TEMI (°F)	PERATURE % OF TIME OVER 125°F		DIRECTION OF EXIT (UP, DOWN OR HORIZONTAL)	
DATA AT EXIT CONDITIONS: →	FLOW (ACT FT <sup>3</sup> /MIN.)	TUAL	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)		TURE INS/FT³)		MOISTURE (PERCENT)	
DATA AT STANDARD	FLOW (DRY	STD.	VELOCITY	MOIS	TURE		MOISTURE	
CONDITIONS:	FT <sup>3</sup> /MIN)		(FT/SEC)	(GRA	INS/FT <sup>3</sup> )		(PERCENT)	
8. AIR CONTAMINANTS		ACT	UAL EMISSIONS					
	EMISSIONS AVERAGE	(LBS/HR) MAXIMUM	CONCENTRATION	1	EMISSIONS ONS/YR)	EMISSIONS* EST. METHOD	CONTROL DEVICES*	CONTROL EFFICIENCY%
PARTICULATES	Not applicable		**					
SULFUR DIOXIDE	Not applicable		***					
CARBON MONOXIDE	Not applicable		PPM					
ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	Not applicable		PPM					
NITROGEN OXIDES	Not applicable		PPM					
FLUORIDES	Not applicable							
OTHER( SPECIFY )	0.1	0.1				2	015	
Oil Mist OTHER( SPECIFY )								

9.	CHI	ECK TYPES OF MO	ONLIGHT AND REC	CORDING INSTRUM	ENTS THAT ARE ATTACHED:		Not applicable
	OPA	CITY MONITOR (	), SO2 MONITOR (	), NOX MONITOR (	), OTHER (SPECIFY IN COMMENTS)	( )	
	10.	COMMENTS					
11.	SIGN	NATURE	1, 1	. / 1			DATE
Micha	iel G	. Knight	1-/ // 1/20	VIII			
		L	I whalf &.	Such 1			5-7-08
		/	,				0-1-08
_				<del></del>			

- \* REFER TO THE BACK OF THE PERMIT APPLICATION FORM FOR ESTIMATION METHOD AND CONTROL DEVICE CODES.
- \*\* EXIT GAS PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION UNITS: PROCESS GRAINS/DRY STANDARD FT3 ( 70°F ); WOOD FIRED BOILERS GRAINS/DRY STANDARD FT3 ( 70°F ); ALL OTHER BOILERS LBS/MILLION BTU HEAT INPUT.
- \*\*\* EXIT GAS SULFUR DIOXIDE CONCENTRATIONS UNITS: PROCESS PPM BY VOLUME, DRY BASES; BOILERS LBS/MILLION BTU HEAT INPUT.

Attachment 4
Product Data Sheets for Proposed Cutting Fluids:
HOCUT 795B and Trim VHP E320

## PRODUCT DATA

## HOCUT® 795-B

#### HEAVY-DUTY MACHINING AND GRINDING FLUID FOR USE WITH ALL METALS INCLUDING AUTOMOTIVE GRADE CAST ALUMINUMS

Many of today's modern machine shops require the use of one coolant capable of working in many applications on a wide variety of metals. **HOCUT 795-B** is such a product. Its versatility can be demonstrated by machines and metals on which it can be used. These include Kingsburys, Bullards, bar machines, lathes, chuckers, centerless and cylindrical grinders. Whether you are cutting high or low carbon steels, alloy steels such as 4130 and 4140; cast iron, nodular iron and gray iron; 300 and 400 series stainless steel, **HOCUT 795-B** is the choice, It is especially suitable when machining automotive and aerospace grade aluminum alloys.

**HOCUT 795-B** is formulated with a combination of ingredients that provide a grater resistance to microbial degradation of the fluid.

Field tests have shown that the synergies of the components in this product will reduce the frequency of sumpside additions of antimicrobial agents.

**HOCUT 795-B** is compatible with hard water, is clean running and biostable, which assures long, odour-free sump life. It provides corrosion protection without staining and affords good lubrication for machine ways and indexing mechanisms. Low foaming characteristics make **HOCUT 795-B** an excellent choice for gun drilling and other high pressure applications.



#### HOUGHTON CANADA INC.

P.O. Box 113, Station "D" 100 Symes Rd. Toronto, Ontario M6P 3J5 Ph (416) 763-4691 Fx (416) 763-3167 www.houghton.ca

# PRODUCT DATA SHEET HOCUT 795-B

#### PAGE 2 of 3

	<b>FEATURES</b>	BENEFITS
•	Clean running/low foam	<ul> <li>Reduced disposal cost/less</li> </ul>
		time/operator acceptance
•	Excellent corrosion protection	<ul> <li>In-process protection of</li> </ul>
		machinery and parts
•	Excellent machining	<ul> <li>Increased tool life; improves</li> </ul>
Ca	apabilities	surface finish

#### TYPICAL PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Appearance

Neat 5% Emulsion	Amber fluid Whitish emulsion
pH at 5%	9.5
Specific Gravity	0.961

#### RECOMMENDED USE CONCENTRATION

Machining	10:1 to 20:1
Grinding	20:1 to 25:1

#### **CONCENTRATION CHECKS**

The refractometer factor for **HOCUT 795-B** is 1.1 Multiply the, refractometer reading by this factor to obtain the emulsion concentration in percent.

#### SHELF LIFE

Under normal conditions, the recommended shelf fife for **HOCUT 795-B** is six (6) months.

#### SHIPPING INFORMATION

HOCUT 795-B is shipped in 205 line steel drums and in bulk.

#### SHIPPING CLASSIFICATION

Metal Cutting and Drawing Compound

#### STORAGE / HANDLING I DISPOSABILITY

No health or safety hazards exist when **HOCUT 795-B** is stored, used and disposed of in accordance with the Material Safety Data Sheet for this product.

#### WARRANTY

The information given here is considered to be correct and is offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. No warranties are expressed or implied since the use of our products is beyond our control. Statements concerning the use of Houghton products are not to be construed as recommending the infringement of any patent.

February 20, 2004

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET TRIM® VHP°E320

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product name** 

TRIM° VHP° E320

Material type

Cutting and Grinding Fluid Concentrate

Classification/synonym(s)

Chemical emulsion/soluble oil

Product use

Coolant and lubricant in metal removal processes

Manufacturer address

MASTER CHEMICAL CORPORATION

501 West Boundary

Perrysburg, OH 43551-1200

**Emergency telephone** 

419-874-7902

Fax number

419-874-0684

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

			OTHER		
COMPONENT	OSHA	ACGIH	LIMITS		
	PEL	TLV	RECOM.	CAS#	%RANGE
Severely hydrotreated	$5 \text{mg/m}^3$	$5 \text{mg/m}^3$	none	64742-52-5	55-65
petroleum oil	(mist)	(mist)			
Triethanolamine	none	$5 \text{mg/m}^3$	none	102-71-6	1-10

The exact chemical identities and percentages of the raw materials used in TRIM® VHP® E320 are trade secrets. This information is being withheld as provided for in the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Rule (29 CFR 1910.1200).

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency overview** 

Olive green liquid

No immediate hazard

Fire may produce oxides of carbon, nitrogen, sulfur

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Acute effects of

Eye Contact

Nonirritant

overexposure

Skin Contact

Possible defatting, sensitizing properties

Inhalation

Nontoxic

Ingestion

Nontoxic

Skin Absorption Nontoxic

Chronic effects of

None currently known

overexposure

Product/Ingredients listed as

NTP Annual Report No

IARC Monographs No

carcinogen or potential carcinogen?

OSHA No

Signs and symptoms of exposure

None

Medical conditions generally

aggravated by exposure

None known

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Emergency and first aid

procedures

Eyes

Flush immediately with cool, clean water for at least

Skin

Wash with mild soap and warm water

Inhalation

Move to fresh air

Ingestion

If large quantities are ingested, contact a physician

In every case get medical attention as required

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point (test method)

331°F (166°C) (COC)

Flammable limits Not determined

Extinguishing media

As appropriate for the surrounding fire: water (flood with water),

dry chemical, CO2 or "alcohol" foam

Special fire fighting

procedures

None

Unusual fire and explosion None

hazards

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material

is released or spilled

Mop up or use dry absorbent

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken

in handling and storing

Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact with the concentrate. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not swallow

Refer to container labels.

Other precautions

This product contains amine. Do not add nitrite or other nitrosating agents to his product due to the potential for nitrosamine formation.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory protection

(Specify type)

None

Ventilation

Local exhaust

Not normally required

Mechanical (General)

General room ventilation should be sufficient

Special

None

Other

None

**Protective gloves** 

Chemical resistant

Other protective equipment None

Eye protection Safety glasses

**Exposure limits** None established by ACGIH or OSHA for product as whole

Refer to Section 2

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** Olive green liquid

OdorMild, oily

pH of concentrate (as range) 8.2 - 8.6Typical operating pH (as range) 8.2 - 8.9**Boiling point (ASTM D86)** 209° F (98° C) Freezing point 5° F (-15° C) Solubility in water 100% Specific gravity  $(H_2O=1)$ 0.955 **VOC Content (EPA Method 24)** 1.427 lbs/gal

Evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) < 0.001

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable Conditions to avoid None

Incompatibility Strong acids and oxidizers

(materials to avoid)

Hazardous combustion or

Thermal decomposition (fire) may produce oxides of carbon, nitrogen, sulfur

decomposition products

Hazardous polymerization Will not occur Conditions to avoid None

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Study	Test Animal	Concentrate	Results	10% Solution
Acute inhalation toxicity	Rat			nontoxic $LC_{s0} > 198 \text{ mg/l}$
Acute oral toxicity	Rat	nontoxic LD <sub>50</sub> > 5g/kg		nontoxic
Acute dermal toxicity	Rabbit	nontoxic LD <sub>50</sub> > 2g/kg		nontoxic
Primary skin irritation	Rabbit	irritant PDI index=5.51		nonirritant PDI index=1.83
Primary eye irritation	Rabbit	nonirritant		nonirritant
Repeated insult Patch	Human volunteers			sensitizing properties

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal method Must comply with local, state, and federal regulations. If pre-treatment is needed,

chemical treatment or ultrafiltration may be used. Contact Master Chemical Tech

Line (1-800-537-3365) for assistance.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Department of

DOT Hazard Class: None

Transportation

TRIM® VHP® E320 is not classified as a hazardous material by DOT.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Resource Conservation and

EPA Hazardous Waste Number(s): None

**Recovery Act** 

TRIM® VHP® E320 is not classified as a hazardous waste by EPA.

Toxic Substances Control Act All TRIM VHP E320 ingredients are listed on the TSCA Inventory

of Chemical Substances.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986

TRIM VHP E320 does not contain any Section 302/304 Extremely

Hazardous Substances or Section 313 Toxic Chemicals.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

	HMIS Hazard Index	NFPA RATING	
	Concentrate		
(Health)	H = 1	H = 1	
(Fire)	F = 0	F = 0	
(Reactivity)	R = 0	R = 0	
(Personal Protection)	PP = A  (safety glasses)	Special hazards = none	
	Typical Working Solution		
	H = 1	H = 1	
	F = 0	F = 0	
	R = 0	R = 0	
	PP = A  (safety glasses)	Special hazards = none	

**Key** 0 = minimal 1 = slight 2 = moderate 3 = serious 4 = severe This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the particular system.

TRIM<sup>®</sup> and VHP<sup>®</sup> are registered trademarks of Master Chemical Corporation. (C) 1993 Master Chemical Corporation.

The information herein is given in good faith and believed current as of the date of this MSDS. Because conditions of use are beyond our control, no guarantee, representation or warranty expressed or implied is made. Consult Master Chemical Corporation for further information.

Attachment 5
Estimate for Oil Emissions Including
Product Data Sheet for Proposed Mist Eliminator



#### April 18, 2008

P:\2008 Correspondence\Air Permit\Estimate of Oil Mist Emission.doc

To: Jill A Mortimer [Via E-Mail]

cc: Mike Knight Gary Pitcher

**Subject:** Engineering Estimate of Oil Mist Emissions at **B&W CR** 

Attached are calculations to support that oil mist emission from metal turning operations at **B&W** CR is approximately **0.1** pounds per hour.

#### Data:

Number of Machine Tools Using Coolant: ≈ 26

Control Device: Mist Blaster [see page 2]

Air Flow per Mist Blaster: ≈ 1200 cfm

#### **Estimate Of Oil Mist Concentration In Exhaust Air From Mist Blaster:**

Oil mist emission from the *Mist Blasters* is estimated to be  $\leq 1 \text{ mg/m}^3$ .

Rationale for this estimate is that the exhausts from *Mist Blasters* have no visible oil mist [See pages 3-6].

#### Calculations:

Total Exhaust Air Flow: [26 machines] X [1200 ft<sup>3</sup>/minute/machine] X [60 minutes/

hour] =  $1.87 \times 10^6 \text{ ft}^3 \text{ per hour}$ 

Concentration of oil mist: [1mg/m<sup>3</sup>] X [1 gram/1000mg] X [1lb/ 454grams] x

 $[1\text{m}^3/35.315 \text{ ft}^3/] = 6.24 \times 10^{-8} \text{ pounds/ft}^3$ 

**Pounds of oil mist per hour:**  $[6.24 \times 10^{-8} \text{ pound/ft}^3] \times [1.87 \times 10^6 \text{ ft}^3 \text{ per hour}] = 0.12$ 

pounds/hour

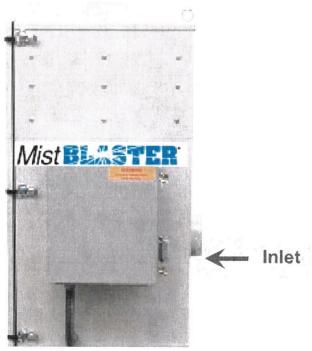
Round to one significant figure: 0.1 pounds per hour

Stephen R. Coover, Ph.D.



# **Mist Blaster**



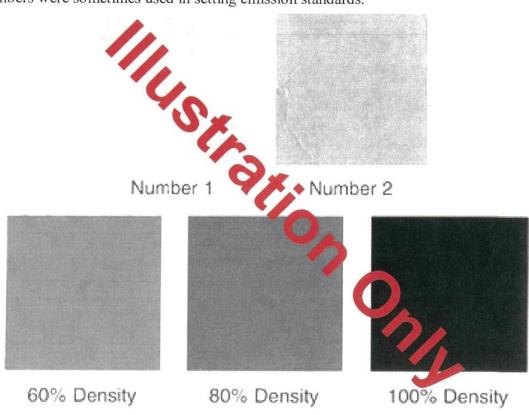


Chip BLASTER®  Mist BLASTER®				
Max CFM	1200			
Amperage	5 Amps @ 240VAC			
Remote Location	Yes			
Liquid Return	Yes			
Air Quality	Outstanding			
Weight	225 lbs.			



# Estimate of Oil Mist Concentration by Observation of Opacity

RINGELMAN CHARTs are a series of charts numbered from 0 to 5, that simulate various smoke densities, by presenting different percentages of black. A Ringelman No. 1 is equivalent to 20% black. A Ringelman No. 5 is 100 percent. They are used for measuring the opacity of smoke rising from stacks and other sources, by matching with the actual effluent, the various numbers or densities, indicated by the charts. Ringelman numbers were sometimes used in setting emission standards.

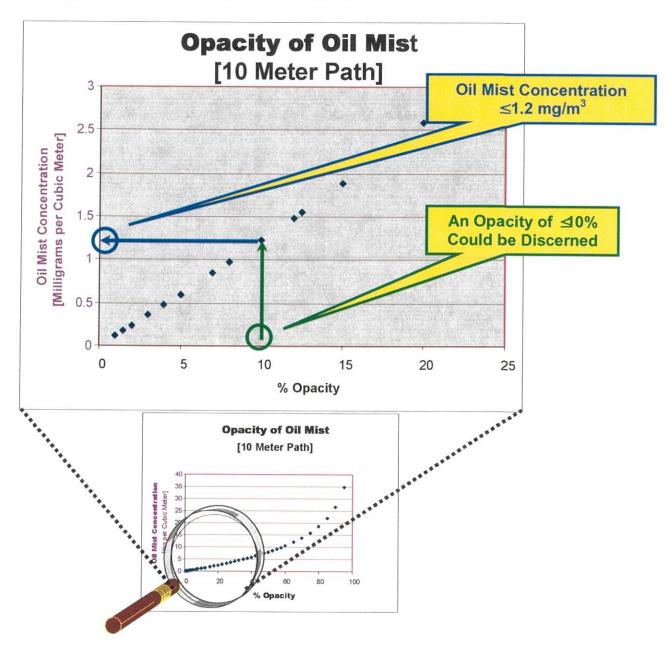


**Comparative Density Chart** 



#### **Opacity of Oil Mist**

Reference: http://www.dieselnet.com/calculator/smokel.html



Observations in the **B&W** CR Developmental Machine Shop found no visible oil mist being exhausted from a **Mist Blaster**. As the sight path was  $\approx 10$  meters and an opacity of  $\leq 10$  % could be discerned, it was concluded that the oil mist was  $\leq 1$  mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Such an emission is well under the OSHA PEL of 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> [See page 5]. This upper limit for oil mist emission is also consistent with measurements made by the **National Institute for** 



*Occupational Safety and Health* [*NIOSH*] at the Oak Ridge facility [See excerpt from Health Hazard Evaluation Report 99–0177–2828 on page 6]

# Oil Mist Exposure Limits

#### \* OSHA PEL

The current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) permissible exposure limit (PEL) for mineral oil mist is 5 milligrams per cubic meter (mg/m(3)) of air as an 8-hour time-weighted average (TWA) concentration [29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z-1].

#### \* NIOSH REL

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has established a recommended exposure limit (REL) for mineral oil mist of 5 mg/m(3) as a TWA for up to a 10-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek and 10 mg/m(3) as a 15-minute TWA short-term exposure limit (STEL). A STEL is the maximum 15-minute concentration to which workers may be exposed during any 15-minute period of the working day [NIOSH 1992].

#### \* ACGIH TLV

The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has assigned mineral oil mist a threshold limit value (TLV) of 5 mg/m(3) as a TWA for a normal 8-hour workday and a 40-hour workweek and a short-term exposure limit (STEL) of 10 mg/m(3) for periods not to exceed 15 minutes. Exposures at the STEL concentration should not be repeated more than four times a day and







Health Hazard Evaluation Report 99–0177–2828 Boeing Commercial Airplane Group Oak Ridge, Tennessee February 2001

http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/hhe/reports/pdfs/1999-0177-2828.pdf

### SUMMARY

On April 14, 1999, the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) received a request for a health hazard evaluation (HHE) from three persons employed at the Boeing Commercial Airplane Group parts manufacturing plant in Oak Ridge, Tennessee. The requesters listed several health effects, including respiratory conditions and skin, kidney, bladder, and prostate problems that they believed were related to exposure to the synthetic metal-working fluid (MWF) used in the machine shop. NIOSH investigators made three site visits to the Boeing facility to evaluate MWF exposures and employees' health concerns. The exposure assessment included measurements of MWF aerosol and triethanolamine (TEA) exposures, real-time measurements of aerosol exposures, and a microbial characterization of MWF. Because four machinists had been newly diagnosed with asthma in 1998, medical evaluations focused on respiratory effects. The medical evaluation included questionnaires, lung function surveys, and serial peak flow testing on participants determined to have bronchial hyperresponsiveness during the pulmonary function testing.

MWF exposures were measured on 55 workers, representing both machinists and a comparison group of assembly workers. With one exception, all personal exposure values were below the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL) of 0.4 milligrams per cubic meter (mg/m3). The geometric mean (GM) exposures for 42 samples collected on machinists was 0.07 mg/m3 (geometric standard deviation [GSD], 2.1 mg/m3). Mass concentrations were significantly lower for workers in the comparison area, 0.02 mg/m3 (GSD, 2.7 mg/m3). All TEA exposures were well below the 5 mg/m3 American



Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV).